

Washington, Friday, May 4, 1951

TITLE 3-THE PRESIDENT PROCLAMATION 2926

NATIONAL FARM SAFETY WEEK, 1951 BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS preventable accidents continue to kill thousands and injure hundreds of thousands of farm residents each year; and

WHEREAS such accidents deprive the Nation of needed manpower and destroy property vital to our defense; and

WHEREAS a careless or imprudent act is a factor in almost every accident on the farm: and

WHEREAS experience has established the fact that observance of safe practices in working and living can greatly reduce these losses:

NOW, THEREFORE, I. HARRY S. TRUMAN, President of the United States of America, do hereby call upon the Nation to observe the week commencing July 22, 1951, as National Farm Safety Week, and I urgently request each member of every farm family to adopt safe practices in every activity: to drive safely, work safely, and live safely. I also request all organizations and persons interested in farm life to join in a continuing program to encourage the idea that farming the safe way is farming the right way.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to

DONE at the City of Washington this 2d day of May in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and fifty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and seventy-fifth.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

By the President:

DEAN ACHESON, Secretary of State.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5296; Filed, May 3, 1951; 12:28 p. m.]

TITLE 14-CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I-Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter A-Civil Air Regulations

[Supp. 15]

PART 61-SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER RULES

RADIO GROUND CHECK

The following interpretations are hereby adopted. The section of the regulations being implemented is repeated here in small type to assist the public in understanding how the Administrator's interpretations apply to it.

§ 61.231 Radio ground check. departure from the originating terminal on any scheduled air carrier operation, at least one check shall be made by the pilot of the radio system to be used in flight.

§ 61.231-1 Radio ground check (CAA interpretation which applies to § 61.231). The radio system is interpreted to include all radio devices, the use of which is contemplated in flight. The predeparture check should consist of an operational test and an inspection of the aircraft logbook. The operational test should be made by the pilot of all radio devices which can be tested satisfactorily without recourse to ground test apparatus or to the services of a ground technician. Radio equipment contemplated for use in flight which cannot be adequately checked by pilot conducted operational tests should have been tested for operational adequacy within the twenty-four hours immediately preceding the departure of an originating flight. Information concerning such tests should have been entered previously in the aircraft logbook by the technician conducting the tests. The pilot should inspect the logbook to verify that such tests have been conducted within the specified time and that subsequent entries do not indicate any increased malfunctioning of such equipment. Radio devices which fall within the category which cannot be given a satisfactory operational predeparture check by the pilot are considered to be marker beacon receivers, instrument landing

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system receiving equipment, and related devices.

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This interpretation shall become effective May 4, 1951.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010; 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

DONALD W. NYROP, Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5168; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

Chapter II-Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 50]

PART 601-DESIGNATION OF CONTROL AREAS, CONTROL ZONES, AND REPORTING POINTS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Correction

In Federal Register Doc. 51-4897, appearing at page 3693 of the issue for Tuesday, May 1, 1951, the section re-ferred to in Item 19 should read "§ 601.670" in both instances.

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III-Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Ceiling Price Regulation 29]

CPR 29-PURE NICKEL SCRAP, MONEL METAL SCRAP, STAINLESS STEEL SCRAP, AND OTHER SCRAP MATERIALS CONTAIN-ING NICKEL

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), and Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Ceiling Price Regulation is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This ceiling price regulation establishes specific ceiling prices for pure nickel scrap, Monel metal scrap, stainless steel scrap, and other scrap materials containing nickel. Such scrap is used principally in the production of stainless steel and other iron and steel alloys and to some extent in the production of copper alloys. It thus finds its way into the manufacture of many products designed for civilian use, as well as into products essential to the national defense program.

Pure nickel scrap customarily sells for a price below the price of primary nickel, the discount depending on the level of demand for nickel in all forms. In periods of nickel shortage the differential is small, widening when demand declines. The price differentials between pure nickel scrap and other forms of nickel and nickel alloy scrap also customarily take into account both the value of the nickel contained and that of the other elements contained in the scrap, such as copper and cobalt, where these elements are significant.

The levels of nickel and nickel alloy scrap prices in the early part of 1950 did not reflect fully the value of the contained metals, after allowance for processing losses, because the demand for nickel had been depressed in 1949 and early 1950. The Korean incident had the effect of greatly increasing the de-mand for nickel and other products for use in the defense program, creating a world-wide nickel shortage. In consequence prices for nickel and nickel alloy scrap quickly rose to levels more closely approximating the net value of the metals contained in the scrap. When restrictions on the use of primary nickel were imposed by the National Production Authority on December 1, 1950, the demand for nickel scrap, which was not similarly controlled, began to reflect this abnormal situation. Nickel scrap prices in December 1950 and January 1951 reached levels equal to \$2.00 per pound or more as compared with a primary nickel price of \$0.505 per pound.

This abnormal price relationship, now reflected in ceiling prices under the General Ceiling Price Regulation, is causing serious distortion in the normal flow of nickel scrap and this, together with the high prices which may be charged by some sellers of such material, is causing hardship to industrial consumers. These

circumstances, and the accompanying uncertainty and confusion among both buyers and sellers, constitute a serious threat to the continued output of needed civilian items and materials and equipment essential to our defense program.

The dollars-and-cents ceiling prices set forth in this regulation are designed to correct this situation by rolling back the ceiling prices for nickel and nickel alloy scrap to a level which reflects a price differential between primary nickel and scrap typical of a period of high demand, but which avoids recognition of abnormalities resulting from an unusually large increase in demand and restrictions on use of primary nickel. The new ceiling price for pure nickel scrap is \$0.405 per pound f. o. b. shipping point; ceiling prices for other grades and types have been set at levels which, after consultation with various interests in the industry, appear to reflect customary differentials as between types and grades appropriate to a period of high demand for nickel. Provision is also made for customary quantity and preparation premiums.

It is believed that the new ceiling prices will permit consumers to purchase nickel scrap materials at a cost consistent with ceiling prices applicable to their finished products and will in large measure redirect the flow of nickel and nickel alloy scrap to normal channels from which they have been diverted by price abnormalities.

It is recognized that the level of ceiling prices for nickel scrap material established by this regulation has been determined by reference to prices for primary nickel which are well above the prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950 to June 24, 1950. In the event that action is hereafter taken to change ceiling prices for primary nickel, the ceiling prices established by this regulation will be reconsidered to determine whether a change is necessary and appropriate in the light of the purposes and standards set forth in the Defense Production Act of 1950.

In order to avoid undue hardships, particularly in the case of dealers who have imported scrap, the regulation permits, for 30 days, deliveries at prices in excess of ceiling prices in order to carry out contracts entered into before the issuance of the regulation. Such deliveries may be made, however, only if the material so delivered was acquired by the seller at prices in excess of the ceiling and if before the issuance date it was received by, or was in transit to, the

In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 29 are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practicable, the Director has given due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applica-

In formulating Ceiling Price Regulation 29, the Director consulted with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, to the extent practicable under existing circumstances, and has given full consideration to their recommendations.

The provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 29 and their effect upon business practices, cost practices, or means or aids to distribution in the industry have been considered. It is believed that no changes in such practices or methods have been effected. To the extent, however, that the provisions of the regulation may operate to compel changes in such practices or methods, such provisions are necessary to prevent circumvention or evasion of the regulation and to effectuate the policies of the act.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

- 1. Coverage of the regulation.
- 2. Applicability, prohibitions, and permission to carry out certain contracts. Ceiling prices, f. o. b. point of shipment.
- Ceiling delivered prices.
- Definitions.
- 6. Excise, sales, and similar taxes.
- Record-keeping requirements. Adjustable pricing.
- 9. Enforcement
- 10. Amendment.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 10 issued under sec. 704, Public Law 774, 81st Cong. Interpret or apply Title IV, Public Law 774, 81st Cong. E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105, 3 CFR 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. Coverage of the regulation. (a) This regulation establishes ceiling prices for pure nickel scrap, Monel metal scrap, stainless steel scrap, and other scrap materials containing nickel except those set forth in paragraph (b) of this section. It applies to sales and deliveries by any person, including importers and exporters.

(b) This regulation does not apply to: (1) Brass mill nickel scrap which, for the purposes of this regulation, includes new cupro-nickel scrap containing a maximum of 31 percent nickel and new nickel-silver scrap which are the waste or by-product of any fabrication of new sheet, tube, rod, or other brass mill product; it also includes any unused sheet, tube, rod, or other brass mill product sold for remelting regardless of whether such products are in the form originally sold by a brass mill or have been further fabricated, processed, altered or assembled. Brass mill nickel scrap, however, does not include any of the material described in this subparagraph which is unsuitable for brass mill use and such unsuitable material is covered by this regulation:

(2) Nickel steel scrap, ceiling prices for which are set forth in Ceiling Price Regulation No. 5-Iron and Steel Scrap.

Sec. 2. Applicability, prohibitions and permission to carry out certain con-tracts—(a) Applicability. This regulation applies to the 48 States of the United States, its Territories and Possessions, and the District of Columbia.

(b) Prohibitions—(1) Against transactions above ceiling prices. Regardless of any contract or other obligation (except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section) on and after the effective date

of this regulation no person shall sell or deliver any of the scrap covered by this regulation at a price in excess of the applicable ceiling price, and no person shall buy or receive, in the regular course of trade or business, any of such scrap at a price in excess of the applicable ceiling price. No person shall offer, solicit, attempt, or agree to do any of the foregoing.

Lower prices than those set forth in the regulation may be charged, demanded, paid, or offered.

(2) Against evasion. No person shall evade or circumvent the provisions of this regulation by direct or indirect methods in connection with the sale, purchase, delivery, or transfer of the scrap covered, alone or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of any commission, service, or transportation charge or discount, premium, or other privilege, or by up-grading, tie in agreement, trade understanding, or otherwise.

(c) Permission to carry out certain contracts. Regardless of any other provisions of this regulation, until June 7, 1951, any person may deliver scrap covered by this regulation at a price in excess of the ceiling price established herein in order to carry out any contract entered into before May 3, 1951, if the material so delivered was purchased at a price in excess of the ceiling price established herein and if before May 3, 1951, it was received by, or was in transit to, the person making delivery.

SEC. 3. Ceiling prices, f. o. b. point of shipment—(a) Pure nickel scrap, ferronickel-chrome-iron scrap, Monel metal scrap, and cupro-nickel alloy scrap. (1) The ceiling price, f. o. b. point of shipment, for each kind or grade of scrap material described in column 1 of Table A of this section, unprepared and unsuitable for industrial consumption, is the applicable price set forth in column 2 in Table A. Columns 1 and 2 also set forth

premiums which may be charged for certain quantity shipments.

(2) The ceiling price, f. o. b. point of shipment, for converted scrap of each kind or grade described in column 1 in Table A is the applicable ceiling price set forth in column 2, plus the applicable converter's premium set forth in column 3. A converter's premium may be charged only by a person who is not the maker of the scrap and who does all of the following:

 (i) Sells the scrap for which he proposes to charge a premium directly to the consumer thereof;

(ii) Determines, by chemical test or assay, the metal constituents of the scrap:

(iii) On the basis of such test or assay sorts, grades, treats, packages, or briquettes by power press, and otherwise prepares, the scrap so that it is suitable for direct industrial consumption; and

(iv) Guarantees the delivery of scrap in an agreed amount and analysis.

TABLE A

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3
Kind or grade of scrap material	Price f. o. b. point of shipment	Converter's premium
Pure nickel scrap: Containing 98% or more nickel and not more than ½% copper. Containing from 90% up to 98% nickel. Premiums on shipments of 2,000 pounds or more of pure nickel scrap	40326 per pound of material 40346 per pound of nickel contained; no payment for any other metals contained. 326 per pound of material	4¢ per pound of material. 4¢ per pound of material.
at one time. Ferro-nickel-chrome-iron scrap containing from 20% up to 90% nickel Premium on shipments of 10,000 pounds or more of ferro-nickel-chrome-	4016 per pound of nickel contained; 126 per pound of chrome contained; no payment for any other metals contained.	23/26 per pound of material.
fron scrap. Ferro-nickel-iron scrap containing from 14% up to 90% nickel and no chrome. Premium on shipments of 10,000 pounds or more of ferro-nickel-iron	401% per pound of nickel contained; no payment for any other metals contained. 1% per pound of material	2½¢ per pound of material.
scrap at one time. Edison Batteries A & B free of wood cases and lugs, containing a minimum of 18% nickel. Premium on shipments of 20,000 pounds or more of Edison Batteries	5¢ per pound of material	2½ per pound of material.
A & B at one time. Monel metal scrap, standard grades; New Monel metal clippings and rods. Old and soldered Monel metal sheet. No. 1 grade Monel castings and turnings, containing a minimum of 60% nickel, 30% copper, and not more than 3% free iron, clean and dry.	33¢ per pound of material	4¢ per pound of material. 4¢ per pound of material. 4¢ per pound of material.
K and S grades of new Monel metal scrap: Clippings and rods. Turnings. Premium on shipments of 20,000 pounds or more of Monel metal scrap, standard and K and S grades, at one time.	31¢ per pound of material. 24¢ per pound of material. 3½¢ per pound of material.	4¢ per pound of material. 4¢ per pound of material.
Cupro-nickel alloy scrap, containing 90% or more of combined nickel and copper. Miscellaneous nickel copper or nickel copper iron scrap containing not less than 40% nickel:	35¢ per pound of nickel contained; 15¢ per pound of copper contained; no payment for any other metals contained.	4¢ per pound of material.
40% to 49.99% nickel.	32¢ per pound of nickel contained; no payment for any other metals contained. 38¢ per pound of nickel contained; no payment for any	4¢ per pound of material.
60% and over nickel.	other metals contained. 40¢ per pound of nickel contained; no payment for any other metals contained.	4é per pound of material.
Premium on shipments of 20,000 pounds or more at one time of miscellaneous nickel copper or nickel copper iron scrap containing not less than 40% nickel. All grades of miscellaneous nickel copper or nickel copper iron scrap containing less than 40% nickel.	14 per pound of material	None.

(b) Stainless steel scrap. (1) The ceiling price, f. o. b. point of shipment, for each kind or grade of stainless steel scrap described in column 1 of Table B of this section is the applicable price set forth in column 2 or 3.

The prices set forth in Table B for chrome nickel grades apply to carload shipments whether made up of chrome nickel grades alone or of such grades and straight chrome grades. For less than carload shipments, a deduction of not less than \$10.00 per gross ton shall be made from the prices for chrome nickel grades. The prices in Table B for straight chrome grades apply regardless of the quantity shipped.

In addition to the prices set forth in Table B, under certain circumstances a seller may charge the preparation premium set forth in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, and a consumer may pay, and any person may receive, the brokerage commission set forth in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph.

TABLE B

Column 1 Kind or grade of scrap material	Column 2 Sheets, clippings and solids	Column 3 Turnings and borings
Chrome nickel: Containing 16%-20% chrome and 7%-10% nickel. All other grades or types of chrome nickel stainless steel scrap containing over 20% chrome and 10% nickel. Straight chrome: Containing 11%-14% chrome. Containing 14%-18% chrome. Containing 14%-18% chrome. Containing over 18% chrome.	\$130 per gross ton. 40¢ per pound of nickel contained; 12¢ per pound of chrome contained; no payment for any other metals contained. \$62.50 per gross ton. \$72.50 per gross ton plus 12¢ per pound for each pound of chrome in excess of 20%.	*\$110 per gross ton. \$20 per gross ton less than the applicable price for sheets, clippings and solids. \$52.50 per gross ton. \$62.50 per gross ton. \$10.00 per gross ton less than the applicable maximum price for sheets, clippings and solids.

- (2) Preparation premium. In addition to the ceiling prices set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, a premium not exceeding \$12.00 per gross ton may be charged for stainless steel scrap which has been prepared in the form of power compressed bundles, bales or briquettes or cut to charging box size and which is suitable without further preparation for direct charging into an electric furnace.
- (3) Brokerage commissions. In addition to the applicable ceiling prices set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, a consumer who employs an agent or broker to purchase stainless steel scrap for the consumer's use may pay the agent or broker, and such person may receive, a commission not exceeding the following:
- (i) For chrome nickel grades. Five percent of the applicable ceiling price set forth in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph. This percentage shall not be applied to any brokerage commission.

(ii) For straight chrome grades. \$5.00 per gross ton.

Such commission may be paid and received only if: The agent or broker guarantees the grade and delivery of a specific tonnage of scrap; the commission is shown as a separate item in invoicing and billing;

The agent or broker does not split or divide the commission with the seller, or sellers, of the scrap or the consumer and does not split or divide the commission with a sub-agent or sub-broker to an extent greater than 50 percent; and

The agent or broker does not hold a substantial financial interest in the seller, either directly or indirectly, and the seller does not hold such interest. either directly or indirectly, in the agent

SEC. 4. Ceiling delivered prices. When any of the scrap covered by this regulation is sold on a delivered basis, the ceiling price is the applicable ceiling price. f. o. b. point of shipment, determined in accordance with section 3 of this regulation, plus whichever of the following charges is applicable:

(a) When delivery is made to the buyer's receiving point by way of a public (common or contract) carrier, an amount not in excess of the actual charge (including transportation taxes).

made by such carrier:

(b) When delivery is made to the buyer's receiving point by a vehicle owned or controlled by the seller, or by private carrier not owned or controlled by the buyer, an amount, not in excess of the published and applicable motor common

carrier charge (not including transportation taxes) for transporting the material being priced from the point of shipment to the buyer's receiving point.

SEC. 5. Definitions. When used in this regulation the term:

(a) "Carload" means the minimum quantity required to obtain the carload freight rate from the point of shipment to destination. In the case of stainless steel scrap a carload may be made up of both chrome nickel and straight chrome grades. If delivery is made by truck the minimum carload quantity shall be considered to be made if such quantity is delivered to the buyer within two calendar days exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.

(b) "Consumer" includes any person whose business consists in whole or in part of smelting, refining, melting, or otherwise processing any of the scrap materials covered by this regulation into a form other than scrap or of having such scrap so processed for his account by another person under a toll or conversion agreement.

(c) "Exporter" means a person who sells scrap covered by this regulation which is transported from a point in the United States, its Territories, or Possessions to a point outside thereof.

(d) "Importer" means a person who first sells scrap covered by this regulation which is transported from a point outside of the United States, its Territories, or Possessions to a point inside thereof.

(e) "Maker" means any manufacturer, fabricator, or other person who, as an incident to, or in the course of, a manufacturing process, fabrication, or other industrial operation, produces any of the scrap materials covered by this regulation and any person who, as an incident to, or in the course of, his business demolishes or dismantles structures, machinery, vehicles or equipment, and thereby obtains scrap covered by this regulation.

(f) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other organized group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or one of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing.

(g) "Point of shipment" means the actual point at which the material is loaded for shipment to the buyer. In the case of scrap sold by an importer and delivered into the Continental United States, its Territories, or Possessions by water, the point of shipment shall be deemed to be the place within the limits of the Continental United States, its Territories and Possessions where the material is loaded on a conveyance for transportation directly to the buyer, and in the case of scrap sold by an importer and transported directly to the buyer overland from Mexico or Canada, it shall be deemed to be the freight station in the United States at or nearest to the point on the boundary between the United States and Mexico or Canada, as the case may be, at which the shipment first enters the United States.

(h) "Scrap" and "scrap materials" include all materials which are the waste or by-product of any kind of metal working, as well as materials which have been discarded on account of obsolescence, failure, or any other reason. It does not include articles which are useful in their existing state when sold and purchased for re-use in such state.

SEC. 6. Excise, sales and similar taxes. Any person may collect, in addition to the ceiling price established by this regulation, any excise, sales, or similar tax imposed upon him by reason of his sales of scrap covered by this regulation if he is not prohibited by law from making such collection and if he states separately from his selling price the amount of the tax collected.

SEC. 7. Record-keeping requirements. Every person selling or purchasing any scrap covered by this regulation shall keep for inspection by the Director of Price Stabilization, for a period of two years, complete and accurate records of: (a) Every purchase and sale of such scrap, showing the name and address of the person by or to whom each such sale was made; the date thereof; the price paid or received; the taxes, if any, collected or paid; the preparation premium or brokerage commission, if any, paid or received; the quantity, in pounds or tons, of each kind or grade sold or purchased; and the point of shipment and disposition of freight charges; and (b) the quantity, in pounds or tons, of such scrap materials on hand and on order as of the close of each month.

Sec. 8. Adjustable pricing. Any person may agree to sell, or buy, scrap covered by this regulation at a price which can be increased up to the ceiling price in effect at the time of delivery, but no person may, unless authorized by the Office of Price Stabilization, deliver or agree to deliver, or receive or agree to receive, such scrap at a price to be adjusted upward in accordance with action taken by the Office of Price Stabilization after delivery. Such authorization may be given only if a request for a change in the applicable ceiling price is pending and it will not interfere with the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950. The authorization will be given by order and may be given by the Director or any official authorized to act upon the pending request for a change in ceiling price.

SEC. 9. Enforcement. Persons violating any of the provisions of this regulation shall be subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for damages provided for by the Defense Production Act of 1950.

SEC. 10. Amendment. Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this regulation may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Price Procedural Regulation

Effective date. This regulation shall become effective May 8, 1951.

Note: All record-keeping and reporting provisions of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5283; Filed, May 3, 1951; 10:45 a. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 24]

GCPR, SR 24-PUERTO RICAN AND VIRGIN ISLAND BLACKSTRAP MOLASSES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738) this Supplementary Regulation 24 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

The commodity designated as blackstrap molasses is the liquid residue of the manufacture of sugar from sugar-This commodity contains varying quantities of sucrose, glucose, fructose, various reducing sugars, minerals, water and other materials. The molasses of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands is customarily sold on a basis of percentage content of 52 percent total sugars. The combined Puerto Rican and Virgin Island 1950-1951 production of blackstrap molasses is a quantity in excess of 60,000,000 gallons.

The chief commercial uses of this commodity are as a raw material used in the production of industrial alcohol and as an ingredient in mixed livestock feeds.

The outbreak of hostilities in Korea precipitated a rapid and sustained advance in the market price of blackstrap molasses. This advance was further reinforced recently by reason of the historical season of short supply during the months of December and January.

The season of production of blackstrap molasses in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands runs approximately from the latter part of the month of January through the month of July. Customarily this molasses is sold under contracts entered into during the late fall and winter months of the preceding The current crop of Puerto Rican and Virgin Island molasses was sold in this manner so that a very substantial portion of the crop is subject to contracts entered into between September 1950 and January 26, 1951. Further, because of this seasonal production factor Puerto Rican and Virgin Island processors, almost without exception, neither delivered nor offered for delivery any molasses during the base period so as to establish a ceiling price for this commodity under the General Ceiling Price Regulation. Deliveries were made in a few isolated instances at widely divergent prices. The quantities involved were of very small volume and the deliveries were, for the most part, made to local purchasers for local consumption. To establish ceiling prices for all processors under General Ceiling Price Regulation, Section 6, by using the sales figures of these few deliveries would produce an inequitable result. Because of the foregoing facts this regulation departs from the general policy of the Office of Price Stabilization in that it permits written contracts for the sale of blackstrap molasses entered into prior to January 26, 1951, to be carried out according to their terms.

The ceiling price for the sale of Puerto Rican and Virgin Island blackstrap molasses is established at 22 cents per gallon f. o. b. steamer at Puerto Rico port of shipment. This figure approximates the weighted average of the contract prices used in the contracts mentioned above. This price also is comparable to the price at which most molasses from Cuba is being shipped to this country for sale for feed purposes.

It appears that the ceiling prices of many distributors on the mainland are out of line with the price established by this regulation. However, data available to the Director is not adequate at this time to establish dollar and cents ceiling prices for blackstrap molasses at all levels of distribution. Cost data must be assembled and consultations will be held with representatives of the industry at an early date with the view of establishing ceiling prices to conform generally to the ceiling price established

The Director has concluded that the action taken by this regulation is the most practical course at his disposal at the present time for clarifying the existing confusion with respect to ceiling prices in these areas of production so that the flow of molasses from such areas will not be seriously disrupted. This action will not result in any increase in the prices to consumers and is the first step in establishing a uniform and more reasonable price for blackstrap molasses.

FINDINGS OF THE DIRECTOR OF PRICE STABILIZATION

In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization the provisions of Supplementary Regulation 24 to General Ceiling Price Regulation are generally

fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practicable the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production Act of 1950; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950 to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

1. What this regulation does.

 Applicability and exemptions.
 Celling prices for sellers of Puerto Rican and Virgin Island blackstrap molasses.

4. Records.

5 Definitions

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 5 issued under Section 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong. Interpret or apply title IV, Public Law 774, 81st Cong., E. O. 10161, September 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105.

SECTION 1. What this regulation does. The purpose of this regulation is to establish ceiling prices for sales by Puerto Rican and Virgin Island processors of blackstrap molasses produced in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. The regulation allows written contracts for the sale of such molasses legally entered into by these processors prior to January 26, 1951, to be carried out at the contract

SEC. 2. Applicability and exemptions-(a) Applicability. The provisions of this regulation apply to sales by Puerto Rican and Virgin Island processors of blackstrap molasses produced in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

(b) Exemptions. If, prior to January 26, 1951, you legally entered into a written contract for the sale of blackstrap molasses for which ceiling prices are provided by this regulation, you may carry out the contract according to its terms.

SEC. 3. Ceiling prices for sales by Puerto Rican and Virgin Island processors of blackstrap molasses produced in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Your ceiling price for the sale of blackstrap molasses shall be as follows:

(a) Blackstrap molasses in bulk. F. O. B. steamer at Puerto Rican ports of shipment, 52 per cent sugar content: Twenty-two cents per gallon.

(1) Differential for delivery at processor's mill. If you sell the molasses described in this regulation for delivery at your mill, your ceiling price will be the price set forth in (a) of this section less the cost of delivering the molasses free on board a steamer at the nearest Puerto Rican port suitable for the marine export shipment of blackstrap molasses.

(2) Differential for delivery in containers. If you sell the molasses in drums you may add two cents per gallon to the price otherwise authorized

under this regulation.

(3) Differential for variations in percentage content of total sugars. The customary differential for variations in percentage content of total sugars above or below 52 per cent shall continue to apply.

SEC. 4. Records. If you are a seller of Puerto Rican or Virgin Island black-strap molasses for which ceiling prices are established by this regulation or a seller to whom the exemption provisions of section 2 (b) of this regulation apply, then you must preserve and keep available for examination by the Director of Price Stabilization, while the Defense Production Act of 1950 remains in force and for a period of two years thereafter, accurate records of each sale. These records must include:

(a) The date of the sale.

(b) The name of the purchaser.

(c) The price received.

(d) The quantity sold.

SEC. 5. Definitions. (a) Terms used in this regulation shall, unless defined herein, or unless the context requires a different meaning, have the same meaning as when used in the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

(b) The term "blackstrap molasses" as used in this regulation means the final by-product liquid incident to the manufacture of sugar after the extraction of all commercially available sucrose.

Effective date: This supplementary regulation shall become effective May 8, 1951.

NOTE: The record keeping requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5852; Filed, May 8, 1951; 10:45 a. m.]

TITLE 25-INDIANS

Chapter I—Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior

Subchapter L—Irrigation Projects; Operation and Maintenance

PART 130—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE CHARGES

FLATHEAD INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT, MONTANA, CHARGES

APRIL 30, 1951.

On March 29, 1951, there was published in the daily issue of the FEDERAL

REGISTER notice of intention to modify §§ 130.24, 130.26 and 130.28 prescribing annual operation and maintenance assessments applicable to lands within the jurisdiction of three irrigation districts on the Flathead Indian Irrigation Project, Montana. Interested persons were thereby given opportunity to participate in preparing the proposed amendments by submitting their views and data, in writing, within 30 days from the date of publication of the notice. No written comments, data or arguments having been received within the prescribed period, the said sections are hereby amended as follows and are effective for the calendar year 1952 and thereafter until further notice:

Charges - applicable to all irrigable lands of the Flathead Indian Irrigation Project that are included in the irrigation district organizations and are subject to the jurisdiction of the three irrigation districts.

§ 130.24 Charges. Pursuant to a contract executed by the Flathead Irrigation District, Flathead Indian Irrigation Project, Montana, on May 12, 1928, as supplemented and amended by later contracts dated February 27, 1929; March 28, 1934; August 26, 1936, and April 5, 1950, notice is hereby given of intention to fix an assessment of \$165,400 for the season of 1952 for the operation and maintenance of the irrigation system which serves that portion of the project within the confines and under the jurisdiction of the Flathead Irrigation District. This assessment involves an area of approximately 67,924 acres; does not include any land held in trust for Indians and covers all proper general charges and project overhead.

§ 130.26 Charges. Pursuant to a contract executed by the Mission Irrigation District, Flathead Indian Irrigation Project, Montana, on March 7, 1931, approved by the Secretary of the Interior on April 21, 1931, as supplemented by later contracts June 2, 1934, and August 26, 1936, notice is hereby given of intention to fix an assessment of \$31,500 for the season of 1952 for the operation and maintenance of the irrigation system which serves that portion of the project within the confines and under the jurisdiction of the Mission Irrigation District. This assessment involves an

area of approximately 12,736 acres; does not include any land held in trust for Indians, and covers all proper general charges and project overhead.

§ 130.28 Charges. Pursuant to a contract executed by the Jocko Valley Irrigation District, Flathead Indian Irrigation Project, Montana on November 13, 1934, approved by the Secretary of the Interior on February 26, 1935, as supplemented and amended by later contracts dated August 26, 1936 and April 18, 1950, notice is hereby given of an intention to fix an assessment of \$14,200 for the season of 1952 for the operation and maintenance of the irrigation system which serves that portion of the project within the confines and under the jurisdiction of the Jocko Valley Irrigation District. This assessment involves an area of approximately 5,579 acres; does not include any land held in trust for Indians, and covers all proper general charges and project overhead.

(Secs. 1, 3, 36 Stat. 270, 272, as amended; 25 U. S. C. 285)

F. M. HAVERLAND, Acting Area Director.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5143; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 50-WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

Subchapter E-Alaska Wildlife Protection

PART 46—TAKING ANIMALS, BIRDS, AND GAME FISHES

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Correction

In Federal Register Document 51-4944, appearing at page 3801 of the issue for Tuesday, May 1, 1951, § 46.110 should read as follows:

§ 46.110 Bear. (Large brown and grizzly.)

In the Territory, but not in the Thayer Mountain or Pack Creek areas as described in §§ 46.205 and 46.206, September 1 to June 20. Limit, on the Kodiak-Afognak Island group and in the Alaska Peninsula area as described in §§ 46.194 and 46.198, 1 a year. Elsewhere in the Territory, 2 a year.

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Defense Electric Power Administration

[Delegation of Authority 2]

RURAL ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATOR

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO THE EXERCISE OF FUNCTIONS AND POWERS UNDER NPA ORDER M-50

In accordance with the Memorandum of Agreement between the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture dated April 14, 1951, and pursuant to Executive Orders 10161 and 10200 and Defense Production Administration Delegation No. 1, issued under the Defense Production Act of 1950, and to National Production Authority Delegation No. 11, the following functions and powers of the Defense Electric Power Administrator in the administration of National Production Authority Order M-50 are hereby delegated, with

¹See F. R. Doc. 51-5294, Commerce Department, National Production Authority, infra.

respect to electrification borrowers from the Rural Electrification Administration, to the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

1. To authorize the use of program materials in major plant additions and to specify the quantities of program materials for major plant additions for which the DO-48 and DO-48 (Minor) ratings may be applied. The quantities of program materials for which the DO-48 rating may be applied shall be within such aggregate quantities as the Defense Electric Power Administrator may des-

ignate. The Defense Electric Power Administrator may direct that program materials be devoted to certain major plant additions in the REA program which are determined by DEPA to be especially important, to the defense program.

2. To adjust or prescribe minor requirements quotas under Section 35 of NPA Order M-50 within such percentage limitations, applied to the electrification borrowers collectively, as are designated from time to time for application to all

electric utilities.

3. Subject to such standards and procedures as the Defense Electric Power Administrator may prescribe from time to time, to grant adjustments or exceptions in respect to MRO quotas and inventory restrictions, and to receive and to require records and reports.

This delegation shall take effect on July 1, 1951.

> C. B. McManus, Administrator Defense Electric Power Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5295; Filed, May 3, 1951; 12:09 p. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Maritime Board

MEMBER LINES OF ATLANTIC AND GULF-INDONESIA CONFERENCE ET AL.

NOTICE OF AGREEMENTS FILED WITH BOARD FOR APPROVAL

Notice is hereby given that the following described agreements have been filed with the Board for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as

Agreement No. 125-2 provides that the membership of Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Limited, in the Atlantic and Gulf-Indonesia Conference will be replaced by the four carriers comprising the Ellerman & Bucknall Associated Lines joint service as a single party only with one vote pursuant to the provisions of their joint service agreement (No. 7788)

Agreement No. 5870-3 provides that the membership of Ellerman & Bucknall Steamship Co., Limited, in the Atlantic and Gulf-Straits Settlements, Malay States and Siam Conference will be replaced by the four carriers comprising the Ellerman & Bucknall Associated Lines joint service as a single party only with one vote pursuant to the provisions of their joint service agreement (No. 7788).

Agreement No. 7548-1 modifies the approved American Mediterranean Levant Line joint service agreement (No. 7548) between Ellerman's Wilson Line Ltd, and Ellerman and Bucknall Steamship Co., Ltd., by substituting for the latter company the four carriers comprising the Ellerman and Bucknall Associated Lines.

Agreement No. 7623-2, between the five carriers comprising the Knutsen Line joint service, modifies their approved joint service agreement (No. 7623) by extending the geographical scope thereof to include the trade between U.S. and Canadian Pacific Coast

ports and ports in the Far East. Agreement 7623 as presently in effect covers the trades between U. S. and Canadian Pacific Coast ports and ports in Central America, Canal Zone, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Chile, United Kingdom and Ireland; between Scandinavian and Continental European ports and ports in Venezuela, Colombia, Caribbean Sea, Canal Zone, Ecuador, Peru and Chile; and between Mediterranean ports and ports in Venezuela, Colombia, Caribbean Sea, West Indies, Canal Zone, Central America, Ecuador, Peru and Chile. Agreement No. 8090-1, between the member lines of the Mediterranean-

North Pacific Coast Freight Conference, modifies the approved basic agreement of said conference (No. 8090) to provide that each member shall deposit with the Conference Secretary a Bank Guarantee of \$5,000 in U. S. Currency, or its equivalent in Italian Lire to guarantee the faithful performance of the agreement and to meet any possible arbitration award. The basic agreement presently provides that such deposit shall be in U. S. Currency only.

Interested parties may inspect these agreements and obtain copies thereof at the Regulation Office, Federal Maritime Board, Washington, D. C., and may submit, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, written statements with reference to any of the agreements and their position as to approval, disapproval, or modification together with request for hearing should such hearing be desired.

By order of the Federal Maritime Board.

Dated: May 1, 1951.

[SEAL]

R. L. McDonald, Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5150; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

National Production Authority

[NPA Delegation 11]

DEFENSE ELECTRIC POWER ADMINISTRATOR

AUTHORIZATION TO DELEGATE CERTAIN FUNC-TIONS AND POWERS UNDER NPA ORDER

Pursuant to Executive Orders 10161 and 10200, and Defense Production Administration Delegation No. 1, issued under the Defense Production Act of 1950, the Defense Electric Power Administrator is hereby authorized to delegate to the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration the functions and powers vested in the Defense Electric Power Administrator by NPA Order M-50 insofar as they relate to priorities assistance for the electric utility borrowers of the Rural Electrification Administra-

This delegation shall take effect on May 4, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY, MANLY FLEISCHMANN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5294; Filed, May 3, 1951; 12:08 p. m.]

DEFENSE TRANSPORT **ADMINISTRATION**

[DTA Delegation 5]

DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR, EXECUTIVE AS-SISTANT, AND GENERAL COUNSEL

DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY AS ACTING ADMINISTRATOR

Pursuant to the authority of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 798), and Executive Orders 10161 (15 F. R. 6105) and 10219 (16 F. R. 1983):

SECTION 1. The Deputy Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration is hereby authorized to and shall serve as Acting Administrator of the Administration and shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Administrator during the disability or absence from official headquarters in Washington, D. C., of the Administrator, or during any vacancy in the office of the Administrator.

SEC. 2. The Executive Assistant to the Administrator is hereby authorized to and shall serve as Acting Administrator of the Defense Transport Administration and shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Administrator during the disability or absence from official headquarters in Washington, D. C., of the Administrator and the Deputy Administrator, or during vacancies in the offices of the Administrator and the Deputy Administrator.

SEC. 3. The General Counsel of the Defense Transport Administration is hereby authorized to and shall serve as Acting Administrator of the Administration and shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Administrator during the disability or absence from official headquarters in Washington, D. C., of the Administrator, the Deputy Administrator, and the Executive Assistant, or during vacancies in the offices of the Administrator, the Deputy Administrator, and the Executive Assistant.

This delegation shall take effect on May 4, 1951.

> JAMES K. KNUDSON, Administrator,

Defense Transport Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5257; Filed, May 3, 1951; 9:39 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 7]

FORMFIT CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, The Formfit Company has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that

the applicant has complied with other stated requirements,

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant is required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this special order and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Price Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special order is hereby issued

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at retail of brassieres, girdles, and combinations manufactured by The Formfit Company, 400 South Peoria Street, Chicago 7, Illinois, having the brand names "Formfit", "Life", and "Skippies" and described in the manufacturer's application dated March 2, 1951. The manufacturer's prices, listed below, are subject to a discount of 8/10 EOM or 6/70.

BRASSIERES

Brassieres				
Manufacturer's	Ceiling price			
selling price	at retail			
(per dozen)	(per unit)			
\$9.00	\$1, 25			
10.80	1.50			
12. 75	1.75			
14, 40	2.00			
18.00	2.50			
21.00	3, 00			
24. 00	3.50			
27.00	4.00			
36.00	5.00			
42.00	5.95			
45.00	6, 50			
GIRDLES AND	COMBINATIONS			
\$9.00	\$1.25			
10.80	1.50			
12.75	1.75			
15.00	2.00			
24.00	3.50			
30.00	3.95			
36. 00	5.00			
42.00	5.95			
45.00	6. 50			
48.00	7.50			
54.00	8. 50			
57.00	8, 95			
66.00	10.00			
72.00	10.95			
81.00	12.50			
87.00	13.50			
96.00	15, 00			
108.00	16.50			
120.00	18.50			
132.00	20.00			

2. (a) Brassieres having the item numbers 441AA and 441A in the manufacturer's printed price list dated December 4, 1950, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$10.50 per dozen shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$1.50 per unit.

(b) Girdles and combinations having the item numbers 724 and 828X in the manufacturer's printed price list dated December 4, 1950, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$27.00 per dozen shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$3.95 per unit.

(c) Girdles and combinations having the item numbers 875, 876, 975, 976, 979, 1573, 1574, 1673, 2573, 2673, 4570, 4770 in the manufacturer's printed price list dated December 4, 1950, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$78.00 per dozen shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$12.50 per unit.

(d) Girdles and combinations having the item numbers 1783, 2571, 2671, 2771, 3580, 4672, 5570 B, 5570 C, 5770 B in the manufacturer's printed price list dated December 4, 1950, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$84.00 per dozen shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$13.50 per unit.

3. The retail ceiling price of an article stated in paragraph 1 of this special order shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Ceiling Price Regulation 7 by retailers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this special order.

4. On and after June 2, 1951, The Formfit Company must mark each article listed in paragraphs 1, 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order, or attach to the article a label, tag or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7 Price \$_____

On and after July 2, 1951 no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in paragraphs 1, 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d of this special order or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, The Formfit Company must comply, as to each such article, with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60-day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order,

5. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the manufacturer had delivered any article covered

in paragraphs 1, 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d of this special order. Copies shall be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of the special order, and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the delivery. Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to the special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the seller had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

6. Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the manufacturer shall file with the Distribution Price Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

period.

7. The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it regardless of whether the seller is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

8. This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

9. The provisions of this special order are applicable to the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective May 4, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 5154; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 8]

MICHAELS, STERN & CO., INC. CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, Michaels, Stern & Company, Incorporated, has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the

level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant is required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this special order and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Price Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regution 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special order is hereby issued.

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at retail of men's clothing manufactured by Michaels, Stern & Company, Incorporated, 87 Clinton Avenue North, Rochester 2, New York, having the brand names "Courier Cloth," "Worstasheen," "Granada," and "Kulan" and described in the manufacturer's three separate applications, all dated March 7, 1951. The manufacturer's prices listed below are sold on terms of Net 10 EOM, 30 Extra.

MEN'S CLOTHING

Manufacturer's	Ceiling price
selling price	at retail
(per unit)	(per unit)
\$7.60	\$12.95
26.35	45.00
97.00	65.00

2. The retail ceiling price of an article stated in paragraph 1 of this special order shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Ceiling Price Regulation 7 by retailers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this special order.

3. On and after June 2, 1951, Michaels, Stern & Company, Incorporated, must mark each article listed in paragraph 1 of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order, or attach to the article a label, tag or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7 Price 8_____

On and after July 2, 1951, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in paragraph 1 of this special order or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, Michaels, Stern & Company, Incorporated, must comply, as to each such article, with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after

the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60-day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

4. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the manufacturer had delivered any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order. Copies shall be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of the special order, and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the Within 15 days after the delivery. effective date of any subsequent amendment to the special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the seller had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

5. Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the manufacturer shall file with the Distribution Price Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

6. The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it regardless of whether the seller is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

7. This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

8. The provisions of this special order are applicable to the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective May 4, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5155; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 9]

PADI CLOTHES, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the

accompanying special order, Padi Clothes, Inc., has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price

Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant is required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this special order and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Price Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special or-

der is hereby issued.

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at retail of men's clothing manufactured by Padi Clothes, Inc., Broad Street and Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia 23, Pennsylvania, having the brand name "Berkeley Square" and described in the manufacturer's application, dated March 21, 1951. The manufacturer's prices listed below are sold on terms of Net 30.

MEN'S CLOTHING

 Manufacturer's selling price
 Ceiling price at retail (per unit)

 \$36.00
 \$60.00

2. The retail ceiling price of an article stated in paragraph 1 of this special order shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Ceiling Price Regulation 7 by retailers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this special order.

3. On and after June 2, 1951, Padi Clothes, Inc., must mark each article listed in paragraph 1 of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order, or attach to the article a label, tag or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7 Price \$-----

On and after July 2, 1951, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is

marked or tagged in the form stated above.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in paragraph 1 of this special order or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, Padi Clothes, Inc., must comply, as to each such article with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60-day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special

4. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the manufacturer had delivered any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order. Copies shall be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of the special order. and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the delivery. Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to the special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the seller had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

5. Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the manufacturer shall file with the Distribution Price Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

6. The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it regardless of whether the seller is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

8. The provisions of this special order are applicable to the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective May 4, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5156; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 10]

CATALINA, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, Catalina Inc., has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant is required to send purchasers of the articles a copy of this special order and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Price Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this Special Order is hereby issued.

1. The following ceiling prices are established for sales after the effective date of this special order by any seller at retail of swimwear manufactured by Catalina Inc., 443 South San Pedro Street, Los Angeles 13, California, having the brand name "Catalina", and described in the manufacturer's application, dated March 5, 1951. The manufacturer's prices listed below are sold at a discount of 3/10 EOM.

Men's SWIMWEAR

Manufacturer's	Ceiling price
selling price	at retail
(per dozen)	(per unit)
\$22.50	\$2.95
25.20	3.50
28.80	3.95
32.64	4.50
36.00	4.95
43.20	5.95
46.80	6.50
48.00	6.95
57.00	7.95
63.00	8.95
69.00	9.95
84.00	11.95
90.00	12.95
96.00	13.95
108.00	14.95
120.00	16.95
126.00	17.95
138.00	19.95
210.00	80.00

BOYS' SWIMWEAR

anufacturer's	Ceiling price
selling price	at retail
(per dozen)	(per unit)
\$15.75	\$1.95
18.00	2.50
21.60	2.95
25.20	3.50
28.80	3.95
32.40	4.50
36.00	4.95
43.20	5.95
48.00	6.95
TODDLERS' S	SWIMWEAR
\$12.00	\$1.65
15.75	1.95
18.00	2.50
22.50	2.95
25.20	3.50
30.00	3.95
32.40	4.50
36.00	4.95
43.20	5.95
48.00	6.95
GIRLS' SW	IMWEAR
\$30.00	\$3.95
36.00	4.95
43.20	5.95
46.80	6.50
48.00	6.95
54.00	7.50
LADIES' SW	VIMWEAR
814.25	\$1.95
36.00	4.95
43.20	5.95
48.00	6.95
54.00	7.95
63.00	8.95
69.00	9.95
78.00	10.95
84.00	11.95
90.00	12.95
96.00	
105.00	13.95
114.00	14.95
	15.95
120.00 126.00	16.95
CARDON CO.	17.95
135.00	18.95
138.00	19.95
174.00 240.00	25.00
	35.00
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- 2. (a) Men's swimwear having the item numbers 5302, 5308, 5341 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$21.60 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$2.95 per unit.
- (b) Boys' swimwear having the item number 2254 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$15.00 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$1.95 per unit.

(c) Toddlers' swimwear having the item numbers 1202, 1204, 1206, 1227, 1229, 1230, 1237, and 1293 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$15.00 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$1.95 per unit.

(d) Toddler's swimwear having the

(d) Toddler's swimwear having the item number 1208 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$15.75 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$2.50 per unit.

(e) Toddlers' swimwear having the item numbers 1320, 1322, 1324, 1326, 1332, 1348, 12, 14, 16, 20, and 22 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$21.60 per dozen, shall

have a ceiling price at retail of \$2.95 per unit.

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- (f) Toddlers' swimwear having the item numbers 1492, 1496 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$30.00 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$4.50 per unit.
- (g) Toddlers' swimwear having the item number 1494 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$32.00 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$4.50 per unit.

(h) Girls' swimwear having the item number 6881 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$48.00 per dozen, shall have a ceiling price at retail of \$7.95 per unit.

(i) Girls' swimwear having the item numbers 6882, 6884, and 6886 in the manufacturer's printed spring 1951 price list, so long as they have a manufacturer's selling price of \$54.00 per dozen, shall have a selling price at retail of

\$7.95 per unit. 3. The retail ceiling price of an article stated in paragraph 1 of this special order shall apply to any other article of the same type which is otherwise priceable under Ceiling Price Regulation 7 by retailers subject to that regulation, having the same selling price to the retailer, the same brand or company name and first sold by the manufacturer after the effective date of this special order.

4. On and after June 2, 1951, Catalina Inc., must mark each article listed in paragraphs 1, 2 (a), 2 (b), 2 (c), 2 (d), 2 (e), 2 (f), 2 (g), 2 (h), and 2 (i) of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order, or attach to the article a label, tag, or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS-Sec. 43-CPR 7 Price \$-----

On and after July 2, 1951, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in paragraphs 1, 2 (a), 2 (b), 2 (c), 2 (d), 2 (e), 2 (f), 2 (g), 2 (h), and 2 (i) of this special order or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, Catalina Inc., must comply, as to each such article, with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60-day period, un-less the article is so ticketed, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging, and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

5. Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of this special order to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, the manufacturer had delivered any article cov-

ered in paragraphs 1, 2 (a), 2 (b), 2 (c), 2 (d), 2 (e), 2 (f), 2 (g), 2 (h), and 2 (i) of this special order. Copies shall be sent to all other purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery of any such article subsequent to the effective date of the special order, and shall be accompanied by copies of each amendment thereto (if any) issued prior to the date of the delivery. Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to the special order, the manufacturer shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, the seller had delivered any article the sale of which is affected in any manner by the amendment.

6. Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the manufacturer shall file with the Distribution Price Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report set-ting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

7. The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it regardless of whether the seller is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

8. This special order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

9. The provisions of this special order are applicable to the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective May 4, 1951.

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

MAY 3, 1951.

F. R. Doc. 51-5266; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:56 a. m.l

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-1671]

WASHINGTON GAS LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

APRIL 27, 1951.

Take notice that Washington Gas Light Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States with its principal office at 11th and H Streets NW., Washington 1, D. C., filed on April 17, 1951, an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of a standby gas storage plant.

The proposed gas storage plant is to be constructed north of the Town of Rockville, Maryland. It will have a ca-pacity of 100,000 Mcf of gas consisting of 70,000 Mcf of natural gas stored at a pressure of 2,240 pounds and 30,000 Mcf of propane-air gas. It is contemplated that construction of the plant will be completed during the spring of 1952, and

that part of the storage facilities will be available for use January 1, 1952.

The purpose of the proposed construction is to augment Applicant's present standby facilities for distribution of gas in the metropolitan area of Washington, D. C. The additional gas required for the proposed gas storage plant will be purchased under Applicant's contract dated May 1, 1937, as amended, with its supplier, Atlantic Seaboard Corporation,

It is estimated that the cost of the proposed construction will be \$7,100,000, including the cost of land. The plant is to be operated as an integral part of the gas storage and transmission system of Washington Gas Light Company and its subsidiaries. The cost of operation and maintenance of the proposed storage plant will constitute part of the cost of the transmission and storage of gas for the system.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 17th day of May 1951. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5144; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

[Project No. 1930]

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT OF LICENSE (MAJOR)

APRIL 30, 1951.

Public notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 791a-825r), that Southern California Edison Company of Los Angeles, California, has made application for amendment of license for major Project No. 1930 to authorize certain relatively minor changes in the project works and to authorize the installed capacity of the project to be increased from 31,500 to 33,500 horsepower.

Any protest against the approval of this application or request for hearing thereon, with the reasons for such protest or request, and the name and address of the party or parties so protesting or requesting, should be submitted on or before June 15, 1951, to the Federal Power Commission at Washington

25, D. C.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5157; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.l

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 26060]

SAND FROM KERN, IND., TO FARMER CITY ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

May 1, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. G. Raasch, Agent, for The New York Central Railroad Company.

Commodities involved: Sand, carloads. From: Kern, Ind.

To: Farmer City, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Market competition and wayside pit competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: NYC RR. tariff I. C. C. No. 429, Supp. 268.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5158; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26061]

FIBREBOARD CANS FROM THE EAST TO BORDER TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MAY 1, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for carriers parties to Agent Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726.

Commodities involved: Cans, fibreboard, paper or pulpboard, carloads.

From: Trunk-line, Buffalo-Pittsburgh

and New England territories.

To: Points in North Carolina, Kentucky, southern Virginia and northeastern Tennessee.

Grounds for relief: Carrier competition, to maintain grouping, circuity, and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-

726, Supp. 225.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to

take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5159; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26062]

SODA ASH FROM CORPUS CHRISTI AND HOUSTON, TEX., TO KANSAS CITY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

May 1, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No.

3752.

Commodities involved: Soda Ash, carloads.
From: Corpus Christi and Houston,

From: Corpus Christi and Houston Tex.

To: Kansas City, Mo.-Kans.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes. Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No.

3752, Supp. 571.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5160; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26063]

TANKAGE FROM LAFAYETTE, LA., TO ATLANTA, GA., GROUP

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

MAY 1, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered applica-

tion for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 3746.
Commodities involved: Tankage, other than feeding, carloads.

From: Lafayette, La.

To: Atlanta, Ga., and points taking same rate.

Grounds for relief: Market competition and competition with rail carriers.
Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No. 3746, Supp. 66.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5161; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26064]

SAND FROM VINCENNES, IND., TO TEXAS CITY, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

May 1, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. G. Raasch, Agent, for The New York Central Railroad Company.

Commodities involved: Sand, carloads.

From: Vincennes, Ind. To: Texas City, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Market competition and wayside pit competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates; NYC RR. tariff I. C. C. No. 429, Supp. 268.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without fur-

ther or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5162; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

UNITED STATES TARIFF

[List No. D-7-7]

CHICAGO METAL HOSE CORP.
DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINT

MAY 1, 1951.

Complaint as listed below heretofore filed with the Tariff Commission for investigation under the provisions of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 has been dismissed.

Name of article	Purpose of request	Dated re- ceived	Name and address of complainant	
Machines for manufacturing corrugated flexible metal tubing or hose, and Corrugated flexible metal tubing or hose	Exclusion from entry.	Aug. 1, 1949 Nov. 23, 1949 (amend- ment)	Chicago Metal Hose	

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL]

DONN N. BENT, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5186; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 54-177, 59-91]

PENNSYLVANIA GAS & ELECTRIC CORP. ET AL. ORDER APPROVING PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of April A. D. 1951.

In the matter of Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation, North Penn Gas Company, Allegany Gas Company, Dempseytown Gas Company, Alum Rock Gas Company, Penn-Western Service Corporation (Applicants), File No. 54-177; Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation and its subsidiary companies (Respondents), File No. 59-91.

Pennsylvania Gas & Electric Corporation ("Penn Corp"), a registered holding company, and five of its subsidiary companies, North Penn Gas Company ("North Penn"), Allegany Gas Company ("Allegany"), Alum Rock Gas Company ("Alum Rock"), Dempseytown Gas Company ("Dempseytown") and Penn-Western Service Corporation ("Penn-Western") having filed a plan for compliance with the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (the "act"), and a portion of said plan, namely Step A of Part II thereof, containing proposals with respect to, among other things: (a) The merger of Allegany, Alum Rock and Dempseytown into North Penn, which will become the surviving company, and (b) the issuance by North Penn to Penn Corp of 450,000 shares of new capital stock of North Penn, of \$5 par value per share, in exchange for the 100,000 shares of presently outstanding capital stock of North Penn, all of which is owned by Penn Corp; and

The proceedings relating to such plan having been consolidated for the purpose of hearing with proceedings heretofore instituted by the Commission under sections 11 (b) (1), 11 (b) (2), 15 (a), 15 (f) and 20 (a) of the act with respect to Penn Corp and its subsidiaries; and

Penn Corp having requested that the Commission enter an order finding that the transactions proposed in Step A of Part II of the plan are necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act, and having requested that the Commission's order approving the transactions, shall contain recitals conforming to the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, including section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof and shall become effective forthwith; and

Further public hearings having been held in the consolidated proceedings after appropriate notice, and the Commission having issued its findings and opinion herein:

It is ordered, That the transactions proposed in the aforesaid Step A of Part II of the plan, as amended, are hereby approved and permitted to be consummated, forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, the reservation of jurisdiction over all fees and expenses which have been or may be incurred in connection with Step A of Part II of the plan, the continuance of our prior reservation of jurisdiction over fees and expenses in connection with Part I of the plan, and to the further condition that jurisdiction be, and it hereby is, reserved to: (a) Decide all questions pertaining to the retainability of Penn-Western under common control with other assets of the present Penn Corp holding company system; (b) decide all questions relating to Step B of Part II of Penn Corp's plan of liquidation and dissolution and such supplemental plans as may be filed pursuant to section 11 (e) of the act, and (c) enter such other and further orders and take such further action as the Commission may deem necessary or appropriate to secure compliance by Penn Corp and its subsidiaries with the provisions of the act and the rules, regulations, and orders thereunder.

It is further ordered and recited. That all steps and transactions embraced within Step A of Part II of the plan, and all issuances, transfers, exchanges and conveyances made in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof, in-cluding but not limited to those referred to below, are necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of the holding company system of which Penn Corp, North Penn, Allegany, Dempseytown and Alum Rock are members and are necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, 49 Stat. 820 (U.S. C. Title 15, section 79 K (b)) within the meaning of Supplement R and sections 371 (f) and 1808 (f) of the Internal Revenue Code and are hereby authorized, approved and directed:

1. The domestication, under the applicable laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, of Dempseytown, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of West Virginia.

2. The merger and consolidation, in accordance with applicable law, of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany into North Penn and the transfer and conveyance to North Penn of all the assets of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany and the assumption by North Penn of all of the debts and liabilities of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany. The assets of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany to be transferred and conveyed to North Penn, in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph numbered 2 include, among other things, 222 shares of capital stock of Penn-Western, 2,639 shares of capital stock of Crystal City Gas Company and the real and personal property of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany located or situated in the following Counties in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: Potter, Lycoming, McKean, Tioga, Clinton, Bradford, Venango, Cameron, Clarion and Forest, and in Steuben and Chemung Counties in the State of New York and all other property of Alum Rock, Dempseytown and Allegany, real or wheresoever situated personal, located.

3. The cancellation and retirement of 1,000 shares of the presently outstanding capital stock of Dempseytown held by North Penn.

4. The cancellation and retirement of 42,805 shares of the presently outstanding capital stock of Allegany held by North Penn.

5. The cancellation and retirement of 5,000 shares of the presently outstanding capital stock of Alum Rock, 4,000 shares of which are held by North Penn and 1,000 shares of which are held in the treasury of Alum Rock.

6. The issuance to Penn Corp by North Penn of 450,000 shares of capital stock having a par value of \$5 per share, pursuant to Step A of Part II of the plan, in exchange for the presently outstanding 100,000 shares of capital stock without par value of North Penn held by

Penn Corp and the surrender of such presently outstanding capital stock of North Penn by Penn Corp for cancellation.

It is further ordered. That this order shall be effective immediately upon issuance.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

(F. R. Doc. 51-5147; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2606]

CONSOLIDATED NATURAL GAS CO.

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of April A. D. 1951.

Consolidated Natural Gas Company ("Consolidated"), a registered holding company, having filed a declaration, and an amendment thereto, pursuant to section 7 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") with respect to the issue and sale by Consolidated, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, of \$50,000,000 principal amount of debentures due 1976, the proceeds of which will be added to the general funds of Consolidated and, along with other cash resources, will be used for the purchase, from time to time, of securities of its operating subsidiaries which will use the funds so secured for the construction of additional plant facilities and for other corporate purposes; and

Said declaration having been duly filed on March 30, 1951, and the last amendment thereto having been filed on April 24, 1951 and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to said act and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said declaration within the period specified, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding with respect to said declaration that the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and rules thereunder are satisfied and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said declaration be permitted to become effective.

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of said act, that the said declaration, as amended, be, and hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24 and subject to the further condition that the proposed sale of debentures shall not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding shall have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order shall have been entered by this Commission in the light of the record so completed, which order may contain such further terms and conditions as may then be deemed appropriate.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be, and hereby is, reserved over the payment of all fees and expenses to be incurred in connection with the proposed transaction.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5148; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2608]

TAYLOR INVESTMENT Co.

NOTICE OF FILING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of April A. D. 1951.

In the matter of Taylor Investment Co., William H. Taylor, John M. Taylor, Ellis P. Taylor, John M. Taylor, Jr., File No. 70–2608.

Notice is hereby given that a joint application has been filed pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by Taylor Investment Co. ("Investment"), which is neither a registered holding company nor a subsidiary of a registered holding company, and William H. Taylor, John M. Taylor, and John M. Taylor, Jr., officers and stockholders of Investment, and Ellis P. Taylor, a stockholder of that company, regarding the proposed acquisition by Investment of shares of common stock of Allied Gas Company ("Allied"), a public utility company. The applicants designate sections 9 (a) (2) and 10 of the act as applicable to the proposed transactions.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than May 15, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law raised by said application which he proposes to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time thereafter, such application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

All interested persons are referred to said application which is on file in the office of this Commission for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized below:

Investment proposes to purchase from William H. Taylor, and William H. Taylor proposes to sell to Investment, 4,036 shares (representing 28.7 percent of the outstanding shares) of the common stock of Allied. The consideration to be paid for said shares of stock is cash in the amount of \$72,648 based upon the market price (\$18 per share) of said shares of stock at the date of the agreement of sale between said parties. Upon such acquisition Investment will become a holding company within the meaning of section 2 (a) (7) (A) of the act.

Allied, an Illinois corporation, is a gas utility company engaged in the distribution at retail of propane-air gas in the communities of Paxton, Gibson City, and Rantoul, Illinois, and distributes manufactured gas at retail in Rochelle, Illinois. It serves a total of approximately 3,000 customers. For the calendar year 1950 Allied's gross operating revenues amounted to \$225,383; as of December 31. 1950, the net utility plant of Allied amounted to \$465,803, and as of that date, the company's capital stock consisted of common stock, of the par value of \$10 per share, of which a total of 14,072 shares was outstanding. Applicants, William H. Taylor, John M. Taylor, and John M. Taylor, Jr., own, respectively, 4,026 shares, 400 shares and 223 shares or 28.7, 2.8, and 1.6 percent, respectively, of the outstanding shares of the capital stock of Allied.

The filing indicates that Investment, a Delaware corporation, is primarily engaged in the business of investing and trading in securities of various companies; that its outstanding securities conof 128,554 shares of 4 percent preferred stock of the par value of \$10 per share and 338,300 shares of common stock of the par value of \$1 per share; and that of each class of said shares of stock, William H. Taylor, John M. Taylor, Ellis P. Taylor (Mrs. John M. Taylor) and John M. Taylor, Jr., own, respectively, approximately 27 percent, 26 percent, 16 percent, and 12 percent. Investment and applicants, William H. Taylor, John M. Taylor, Ellis P. Taylor and John M. Taylor, Jr., represent that they do not, individually nor in the aggregate, directly or indirectly own, control or hold with power to vote as much as 5 percent of the outstanding voting securities of any public utility company or public utility holding company other than Allied.

Investment states that it proposes to acquire said shares of stock for investment purposes and not for resale, and applicants represent that they will give notice to the Commission of any substantial acquisition of additional utility assets either through direct purchase of assets or through the acquisition of

Investment has filed a Statement pursuant to Rule U-9 claiming exemption from the provisions of the act for itself and for all of its subsidiaries, including

Applicants request that the Commission's order issue herein at the earliest possible date.

By the Commission.

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, [SEAL] Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5149; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:46 a. m.1

[File No. 70-2610]

NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC SYSTEM ET AL. NOTICE OF FILING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of April A. D. 1951.

In the matter of New England Electric System, Beverly Gas and Electric Company, Gloucester Electric Company, Haverhill Electric Company, Malden Elec-tric Company, Northern Berkshire Gas Company, Quincy Electric Light and Power Company, Southern Berkshire Power & Electric Company, Suburban Gas and Electric Company, Weymouth Light and Power Company, File No. 70-

2610.

Notice is hereby given that New England Electric System ("NEES"), a registered holding company, and its above named subsidiary companies, hereinafter individually referred to as "Beverly", "Gloucester", "Haverhill", "Malden", "Northern Berkshire", "Malden", "Northern Berkshire", "Quincy", "Southern Berkshire", "Suburban Gas" and "Weymouth" and collectively referred to as "the borrowing companies", have filed applications-declarations, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. The filing has designated sections 7, 10 and 12 (f) of the act and Rules U-23, U-42 (b) (2), U-43 (a), and U-45 (b) (3) promulgated thereunder as being applicable to the transactions described therein.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than May 10, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter stating the nature of his interest, the reason for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law proposed to be controverted; or he may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. At any time after said date, said applicationsdeclarations, as filed or as amended, may be granted or permitted to become effective as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rule U-20 and Rule U-100 thereof. Any such request should be addressed to: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C

All interested persons are referred to said applications-declarations, which are on file in the offices of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed which are summarized as follows:

The borrowing companies propose to issue to NEES, from time to time but not later than June 30, 1951, promissory notes in an aggregate principal amount up to but not exceeding, \$4,700,000. Said notes will mature April 1, 1952, and bear interest at the prime interest rate charged by banks for such notes at the time said notes are issued. It is stated in the applications-declarations that if the prime interest rate for any of such notes is in excess of 23/4 percent at the time any of such notes is proposed to be issued, NEES and the particular borrowing company or companies will file an amendment to the applications-declarations setting forth therein the amount involved and the proposed rate of interest at least five days prior to the proposed issue date of any such note. It is further requested that unless the Commission notifies NEES or the particular company or companies to the contrary within said five day period, NEES and such company or companies will consider the amendment effective, without further order, at the end of such period.

The following table shows the aggregate face amount of promissory notes proposed to be issued by each of the borrowing companies and the application by such companies of the proceeds therefrom during the period April 1, 1951, to June 30, 1951:

TABLE

Company	Aggregate amount of notes proposed to be issued to NEES	Application of proceeds		
		Notes pay- able to banks	Notes and advances payable to NEES	For con- struction
Beverly	\$1, 270, 000 455, 000 300, 000	\$550, 000 380, 000 300, 000	\$575, 000	\$145, 000 75, 000
Malden Northern Berkshire Quincy	600, 000 310, 000 280, 000 755, 000	450, 000 200, 000 195, 000 400, 000	35, 000 355, 000	150, 000 110, 000 50, 000
Southern Berkshire	580, 000 150, 000	320, 000 150, 000		260, 000
Total	4, 700, 000	2, 945, 000	965, 000	790, 000

Malden's and Quincy's presently outstanding notes payable to banks are due on or before May 1, 1951. The applications-declarations state that in the event the Commission's order has not been issued on or prior to the maturity date of said notes, NEES will make noninterest bearing advances to said companies which advances will be repaid from the proceeds of the notes Malden and Quincy propose to issue.

The applications-declarations state that incidental services in connection with the proposed transactions will be performed at cost by New England Power Service Company, an affiliated service company, such cost being esti-mated not to exceed \$100 for NEES and each of the borrowing companies, or the aggregate sum of \$1,000.

The applications-declarations further state that no state commission has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions.

NEES and the borrowing companies request that the Commission's order herein become effective forthwith upon issuance.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5145; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2611]

GEORGIA POWER CO.

NOTICE OF FILING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of April 1951.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with this Commission, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), by Georgia Power Company ("Georgia Power"), a public utility subsidiary of the Southern Company, a registered holding company. Applicant has designated section 6 (b) of the act as applicable to the proposed transactions.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than May 17, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the reasons for such request, the nature of his interest and the issues of fact or law raised by said application which he desires to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after May 17, 1951, said application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rule U-20 (a) and Rule U-100 thereof.

All interested persons are referred to said application, which is on file in the offices of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, and which are summarized as follows:

Georgia Power proposes to issue and sell, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50 under the act, \$20,000,000 principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, ____ percent series, due 1981, to be issued under and secured by Georgia Power's present indenture dated as of March 1, 1941, as heretofore supplemented, and to be supplemented by an indenture to be dated as of June 1, 1951. The interest rate and the price to the company for the bonds will be determined by competitive bidding, except that the invitation for bids will specify that the price to the company shall not be less than 100 percent nor more than 102.75 percent of the principal amount. The proceeds of the sale of the bonds will be utilized in connection with Georgia Power's construction program which the company estimates will require expenditures aggregating \$99,220,000 during the three year period 1951 through 1953. company also estimates that in order to finance its construction program it will be necessary to raise from the sale of additional securities the sum of \$24,000,-000 in 1952 and \$15,000,000 in 1953.

The proposed issuance and sale of bonds has been submitted to the Georgia Public Service Commission for its approval.

By the Commission,

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5146; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 17683]

HERMANN DEICKE ET AL.

In re: Funds owned by Hermann Deicke and others.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons whose names and last known addresses are listed in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: All funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., maintained in a special deposit account entitled "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks", and representing the proceeds of withheld checks, drawn by the United States Treasury Department for the persons whose names and identification numbers are listed on the aforesaid Exhibit A, and in the amounts as of January 1, 1947, as set forth opposite each such name, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended. Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name	Last known address	Identification No.	Amount de- posited as of Jan. 1, 1947	Office of Alien Prop- erty File No.
Hermann Deicke	Berlin, Germany	Certificate settlement No. 0-653-454.	\$100.00	F-28-31260
Franz Hossemann	Germany. Bannen 31 Mayen, Rhld., Germany.	A-2198030	20.00 1, 750.57	F-28-28145 F-28-31263

[F. R. Doc. 51-5134; Filed, May 2, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17637] ROBERT W. POMMER

In re: Trust under the will of Robert W Pommer, deceased. File No. D-28-12892.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons whose names are set forth below, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany):

Names

Inge Gerstein. Gisela Gerstein. Klaus Ludwig Gerstein. Gerd (Gert) Adolf Gerstein. Eckart (Eckhart) Gerstein. Hans Gerstein. Karl Gerstein. Elfriede Gerstein. Arnulf-Gernort Gerstein. Adelheid Gerstein. Olaf Gerstein. Annemarie Gerstein Schulze-Steinen. Fritz Gerstein. Margarete Schmemann Winkhaus. Dodo Schmemann Fellinger. Ruth Schmemann Vogelsang. Ursula Schmemann Jüttner (Güttner). Helene Bert. Hedwig Bert. Matilde (Mathilde) Bert. Alfred Schmemann, Jr. Irmgard Schmemann Von Buttler. Hedwig Schmemann. Martha Ostermann. Achnes Flach. Elisabeth Kleine Hilgenstock. Max Kleine. Adolf Kleine. Louise Schmemann. Herta Goerlich Brand. Clara Schoening. Gustav Schmemann, Jr. William Pommer, Jr. Margarete Bert Schulz.

2. That the heirs-at-law and the spouse, names unknown, of each of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the trust created by the codicil dated May 9, 1938 to the will-dated April 6, 1932 of Robert W. Pommer, deceased, presently being administered by Mercantile-Commerce Bank and Trust Company and by Carl Robert Pommer, as trustees, 721 Locust Street, St. Louis, Missouri, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the heirs-at-law and the spouse, names unknown, of each of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 11, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5169; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:48 a.m.]

[Vesting Order 17669] CREDIT SUISSE

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Credit Suisse, Geneva, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-60 (Geneva), F-28-

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a

part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said

accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 11, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Oredit Suisse, Geneva, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II	
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account	
1. The Commercial National Bank & Trust Co. of New York, 46 Wall St., New York, N. Y.	Bank deposit general ruling No. 6 account, as described by The Commercial Na- tional Bank & Trust Co. of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 3.	
2. Credit Suisse, New York Agency, 30 Pine St., New York 5, N. Y.	(a) Current account, (b) General ruling No. 6 account, (c) blocked coupon account, (d) \$20,000.00 Imperial Japanese Government 5½% 1965, and (e) \$40.50 coupons due January 1, 1940 off \$2,700.00, conversion office for German foreign debts 3 percent 1946; as described by Credit Suisse, New York Agency, inits report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 21.	
3. The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine St., New York, N. Y.	General ruling No. 6 a/c blocked Switzerland, as de- scribed by The Chase Na- tional Bank of the City of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 358.	

[F. R. Doc. 51-5170; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17685]

HEDWIG NEUHAUS

In re: Bonds owned by Hedwig Neuhaus. F-28-31427.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hedwig Neuhaus, whose last known address is 17/I Oststrasse, Bad Harzburg, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Those certain debts or other obligations matured or unmatured, evidenced by two (2) Southern Pacific Railroad Company 4% 1st Refunding Mortgage Gold bonds, due January 1, 1955, each of \$1000.00 face value, bearing numbers 27580 and 69309, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debts or other obligations and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and any and all rights in, to and under the aforesaid bonds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Hedwig Neuhaus, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States. The terms "national" and "designated

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5175; Filed, May 3, 1851; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17678]

FIDES UNION FIDUCIAIRE

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Fides Union Fiduciaire, Basle, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-177 (Basle).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made

a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the re-

spective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

 That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national in-

terest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 11, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Fides Union Fiduciaire, Basle, Switzerland]

Fiducisire, Basie, Switzerland		
Column I	Column II	
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account	
Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St., New York, N. Y.	(a) Custodian cash account, (b) custodian cash account general ruling No. 6, (c) custodian cash account French Swiss account, and (d) miscellaneous stocks; as described by the Bank- ers Trust Co., in its report on Form OAP-709, bearing its Serial No. CU 13.	

[F. R. Doc. 51-5171; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17679]

FIDES UNION FIDUCIAIRE

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Fides Union Fiduciaire, Zurich, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-177 (Zurich).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investi-

gation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A as set forth below and by reference made

a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts.

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are

maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 11, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON, Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Fides Union Fiduciaire, Zurich, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account
1. Bankers Trust Co., 16 Wall St., New York, N. Y.	(a) Custodian cash account general ruling No. 6, (b) stock, and (c) miscellaneous coupons; as described by the Bankers Trust Co. in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. CU No. 15.
2. The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine St., New York, N. Y.	(a) Fides Union Fiduciaire Old a/c, Zurich, Switzer- land, and (b) Fides Union Fiduciaire general ruling No. 6 a/c; as described by the Chase National Bank of the City of New York in its report on Form OAP- 700, bearing its Serial Ne. 80.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5172; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17682]

MINNIE N. CARLIN ET AL.

In re: Funds owned by and claims of Minnie N. Carlin and others.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby

1. That the persons whose names and last known addresses are listed in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as

follows:

a. All funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., maintained in a special deposit account entitled "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks", and representing the proceeds of withheld checks, drawn for the payment of Social Security benefits to the persons whose names and Social Security numbers are listed on the aforesaid Exhibit A, and in the amounts as of January 1, 1947, as set forth opposite each such name, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights and claims to Social Security benefits under the Social Security Act approved August 14, 1935, as amended (Pub. Law 271, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 620) to January 1, 1947 of the persons whose names are listed in the aforesaid Exhibit A, and further identified by the Social Security number, listed opposite each such name, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United

States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

	BAHIST 2			
Name	Last known address	Social Seccurity No.	Amount de- posited as of January 1, 1947	Office of Alien Prop- erty File No
Bank Kaethe	Lutherstr. 16, Wesermuende-Lehe, Ger-	097-03-5323	\$141, 12	F-28-3125
Minnie N. Carlin	many. Rosengartenstr. 32, Maunheim, Germany.	082-03-3882	159.84	F-28-3122
Emmy Cyriacia Katherinia G. Degen	Germany. 95 Niebelungenstr., Lorsch Hessen, Ger-	568-03-8952 133-09-1642	67. 44 49. 26	F-28-1821 F-28-3122
Bertha EbenauFriedrich Ebenau	many. 22 Alter Markt, Sangerhausen, Germany 22 Alter Market, Sangerhausen, Ger-	561-09-9468 561-09-9468	74. 28 74. 28	F-28-3122 F-28-3123
Elfrieda Faselt	many.	335-05-3263	127. 99	F-28-3123
esefine Glokler a/k/a Mrs.	Germany. Viktoriastrasse 34, Gaggenau-Murgtal,	347-03-9994 E	162. 36	F-28-3123
Adolph Gloeker. Max O. Goehler	Germany. 37 Eleonorenstr., Gonsendeim-bei-Mainz, Germany.	150-09-3174	154. 80	D-28-9023
Wilhemine Griesenbeck		156-09-5484B	148, 44	F-28-3123
Margarete Grosse	Mauerstrasse 8, Ilshopen, Wurtemberg, Germany.	533-09-7764	180.00	F-28-312
Hilde Alma Koehler	Horst-Wesselstr. 10, Thalheim, Erze- birge, Germany.	136-10-9571 072-12-4350 A	160, 98 483, 69	F-28-3123 F-28-1770
Paula L. Kurz, a/k/a Mrs. Julius Kurz.	Viederochonhausen, Berlin, Germany 1 Koenigstrasse, Wasseralfingen, Wurt- temberg, Germany.	363-03-4681 E	569. 40	F-28-178
ulius C. Kurz	1 Koenigstrasse, Wasseralfingen, Wuert- temberg, Germany.	363-03-4681C	379. 50	F-28-176
Karl F. Kurz	1 Koenigstrasse, Wasseralfingen, Wuert- temberg, Germany.	363-03-4681 C	379. 50	F-28-171
Inna B. Kutkuhn	63 Hermann Goring Strasse, Legenfeld, Rhineland, Germany. Clemda Strasse, I IV, Eisenach, Ger-	373-10-7162 545-07-3509	167. 22 184. 44	F-28-312
Anna Mader	many.	165-05-2947	92.16	F-28-165
Albin Mader	ony, Germany. 140 Freibergerstrasse, Woekenstein, Sax-	165-05-2947	92, 16	F-28-165
lse Hilda Roth	ony, Germany. Rothebach 21, Hamm in Westfallen,	089-03-2112	92.78	F-28-341
ohn Schindler	Dr. Leystr. 113, Homburg Nord, Germany.	112-05-4790	63, 90	F-28-312
Lena Schindler	Dr. Leystr. 113, Homburg Nord, Ger- many.	112-05-4790	63. 90	F-28-812
Emma Fabian Schirrmacher	Gottschadstr. 38A, Koenigsburg, Province of Prussia, Germany. Munich 8 Aub, Wienerstrasse 127/IV,	140-01-9526 062-05-3461	206. 40 171, 12	F-28-312 F-28-312
Anna Schreiber	Bavaria, Germany. Grosse, Bergstrasse 75, Greenberg, Ger-	269-01-8589	166, 92	F-28-312
Katharina Schumann	many. Bulsfelderwerg H. S. 500 Gerolzhofen,	072-09-5287	148.08	F-28-312
Magda Simonson	Germany. Wyk-Fohr, Schleswig, Germany	545-07-1309	237. 12 76. 86	F-28-287: F-28-312
Berta S. Sommer	Jobststrasse 25 Herne, Westfallen, Ger- many. Jobststrasse 25 Herne, Westfallen, Ger-	381-03-8859 381-03-8859	76, 86	F-28-312
Johann Reinhard Diedrich	many. Kleistrasse 3, Oldenburg, Germany	478-07-2422	169. 50	F-28-312
Stahr.				

[F. R. Doc. 51-5174; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17691] TAKEHIKO TERAOKA

In re: Bank account owned by Takehiko Teraoka. D-39-1484-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Takehiko Teraoka, whose last known address is Shimosata Cho, No. 776, Higashi Muro-Gun Wakayama Ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country

(Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Takehiko Teraoka, by The United States National Bank, San Diego, California, arising out of a Savings Account, account number 14108, entitled Takehiko Teraoka, maintained with the aforesaid bank, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I, BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5176; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17680]

ISOMATSU ABE ET AL.

In re: Funds owned by and claims of Isomatsu Abe and others.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to

law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the persons whose names and last known addresses are listed in Exhibit A, as set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as fol-

a. All funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., maintained in a special deposit account entitled "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks" and representing the proceeds of withheld checks, drawn for the payment of railroad retirement benefits to the persons whose names and Railroad Retirement Board numbers are listed on the aforesaid Exhibit A, and in the amounts as of January 1, 1947, as set forth opposite each such name, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights and claims to railroad retirement benefits under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935, as amended (Pub. Law 399, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 967), to January 1, 1947, of the persons whose names are listed in the aforesaid Exhibit A, and further identified by the Railroad Retirement Board number, listed opposite each such name, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the

aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in Section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General,

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name	Last known address	Railroad Retirement Board No.	Amount deposited as of Jan. 1, 1947	Office of Alien Property File No.
Isomatsu Abe	489 Mannaricho, Okayama City, Japan	A-135944	\$3, 101. 04	F-39-4230
Kiyoharu Abe	Japan Komei-Gho Fuji-Machi Fuji-Gun, Shi-	A-178393 A-137250	3, 112, 69	F-39-4231
Nabukachi Fujiyama	zuoka Ken, Japan. 102 Jinnai Jinnai-Mura Kikuchi-Gun,	240000000000000000000000000000000000000	2, 400. 00	F-39-4233
	Kumamoto Ken, Japan. At the residence of I. Nagahama 1102-3	H-14233	\$46, 36	F-39-2195
Montao Handa also known as Montaro Handa	Unvo Maishdara Selagava-Ku.	A-180565	2, 507. 71	F-39-4239
Kihachi Hikida	Tokyo, Japan Shigaken Inukamigun Isodamura, Mit- suya via Yokohama, Japan.	A-142630	1, 801. 20	F-39-4242
Kentaro Kageyama	503 Fukayama Imakemura Okugun, Okayama Ken, Japan.	A-118803	2, 821, 97	F-39-4202
Takajiro Kaneda	812-2 Kudamatsu Town Tsuno Dis- trict, Yamaguchi Prefecture, Japan.	A-75419	4, 078, 67	F-39-4265
Isao Kuwabara	Hiroshima-Ken Asa-Gun, Midorii-Jura, Japan.	A-176909	4, 323. 39	F-39-4255
Otto Mataichi	Tomiyoshi Oaza Mayakami-Mura	À-114888	3, 977. 78	F-39-4228
Fukutaro Matsumura	Mitsu-Gun Okayana-Ken, Japan. 4233 Mitsukawa, Yonetomi-Mura, Ta- mana-Gun, Kumanoto, Japan.	H-35548	1, 220, 00	F-39-4227
Tsunekichi Miyagawa	Sniga Ken Inukami Koori Tagamura.	A-72123	1, 607. 40	F-39-4225
Kikuji Moriyasu	Aza Tsuchida 854, Japan. Oi Oimura Kibigun, Okayamaken,	A-132961	2, 665, 62	F-39-4223
Keikichi Murata	Japan. Micamo Kamono Mura Yamaguchi.	A-90455	1, 341, 66.	F-39-4221
Tsunejiro Murato	Ken Oshima Gun, Japan. Hibara-Mura Fukuoka City, Fukuoka-	A-83127	2, 761, 79	F-39-4220
Wakataro Nagashi	Ken, Japan. 2109 3-Chome Honjo Ashikaga, Shi	A-93587	2, 584. 79	F-39-4219
Rinzo Nagato	Touchigiken, Japan. 1758 Kamiashimori Ashimori-Cho, Kibi-	A-89650	2, 263. 16	F-39-4218
Makazo Nishi	Gun Okayama, Japan. Wakayama Ken Hidaka Gun Yukawa,	a pro salado de la		200000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Willia Komstshboro Janon	A-150556	1, 990. 80	F-39-4215
Yosojiro Nishimura Noboru Ohara	7 Chome Okuracho, Akashi, Japan. 1239 No. 4 Aza Sakaishita Oaza Beppu, Beppu Shi Oitaken, Japan.	A-75014 A-112798	1, 528, 10 3, 020, 21	F-39-4214 F-39-4211
Tom Ryoso	Kawanchi Mura Asa Gun, Hiroshima-	A-120128	927. 60	F-39-4205
Masutaro Sakamoto	Ken, Japan. Tago Caza, Wabuka Village, Nishi- Muro County, Wakayama Prefec-	A-132212	5, 271. 60	F-39-4266
Yuta Sakuma	ture, Japan. Nagaino Mura Matsuzawa Nihyaku, Kari 127, Onuma Gun Fukushima,	H-27568	2, 028. 00	F-39-4268
Shigekichi Tadokoro	Prefectura, Japan. At the residence of Tazo Tadokoro, Kochi Shi Gai Gomen Machi 96 Ban	A-135911	1, 788, 88	F-39-4273
Sumao TagamiYenta Tahara	Kochi, Ken, Japan. 5 Oura-Macho Nagasaki, Japan At the office of Yokohama Specie Bank Ltd., 24 Kyomachi Kobe-Ku, Kobe,	A-50901 A-119873	1, 601, 85 3, 821, 43	F-39-4274 F-39-4275
Katsutaro Takamoto	Japan. Kumamoto Ken Kikuchi Gun Gin Nai-	A-81749	2, 360. 00	F-39-4276
Toraji Tanbara	mura Aza Zinai, Japan. Sayama Hiratsumura Mitsugun, Okaya-	A-168151	2, 482. 15	F-39-4281
Hitoshi Terada	Maken, Japan. At residence of Yoshino 30 Hujimicho.	A-133676	2, 561, 40	F-39-4285
Senpei Watanabe	1 Chome Uto Machi Uto Gun Kuma-	A-81569	2, 399, 53	F-39-4290
Kyusayemon Yamasaki	moto Ken, Japan. Shigaken Enukami-Gun Wakinahata- Mura, Aza Tzsuki P o Taga Kyoku,	A-196271	32. 48	D-39-18751
Shichitaro Yamasaki	Japan. 1049 Kannon Honmachi, Hiroshima,	A-101233	2, 518, 12	F-39-2219
Ryokichi Yoshimoto	Japan. 298 Kunitsugucho Higashi, Yodoga-	A-35724	1, 660. 80	F-39-4297
Tom Ihara	waku Osaka, Japan. Japan	A-96492	714, 49	F-39-6892
Kumataro Kuratomi	Ohi Minomura Ukiha, Gun Fukuoha, Kan, Japan.	A-153432	2, 535, 44	F-39-6864
Torazo Kurita	615 Shibukawa Udomura, Abegun, Shizuoka Ken, Yokohama, Japan.	A-148339	2, 400. 00	F-39-4256
Keishiro Noda	Kumamoto Ken Hotaku Gun Kawa-	A-111883	2, 439. 06	F-39-421
Miyo Otsuka (designated beneficiary of Rikizo Ot-	shiri, Post Office, Japan. Kunda Mura Yosa-Gun Kyoto-Ru, Japan.	A-97424	28. 65	F-39-6893
suka). Thomas Takeichi Sasaki Kozo Takahashi (designated beneficiary of Shun Taka-	Japan	A-215545 D-46922	281, 40 264, 59	D-89-11265 F-39-6896
hashi, Tatsuya Tamura	347 Numata-Machi Tonegun, Gun-	A-120772	2, 400. 00	F-39-6894
Saichi Tateshima	maken, Japan. Katsuura-Cho Higashimurogun, Waka-	A-109833	1, 948. 80	F-39-4284
Tosaburo T. Uchiyama	yamaken, Japan. Fukuoka Ken Ukiha Gun Funagoshi, Mura Aza Hachiryu Number 1208,	A-219105	29. 76	F-39-6895
Soji Watanabe	Japan. 63 Aza-Kawa Harada O-Aza, Yonezawa Shibukawa-Mura Adachi Gun, Fuku-	A-144530	4, 108. 20	F-39-4291
Ukichi Yoshimoto	shima-Ken, Japan. At the residence of Takashi Yoshimoto, 529 Sunaware Hafujimura Hotakugun, Kumamoto Ken, Japan.	A-154610	143.98	F-39-6885

[Vesting Order 17693]

ASSOCIATIE CASSA

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Associatie Cassa, Amsterdam, The Netherlands, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-49-1338.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made

a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;
3. That the persons referred to in sub-

 That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

ISEAL! HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Associatie Cassa, Amsterdam, The Netherlands]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account
The New York Trust Co., 100 Broadway, New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit account a/c A 5007, as described by The New York Trust Co. in its re- port on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FD 4.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5177; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17694]

N. V. NEDERLANDSCHE STANDAARDBANK

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of N. V. Nederlandsche Standaardbank, Amsterdam, Netherlands, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-49-501.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made

a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States:

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a

designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy
country, the national interest of the
United States requires that such persons
be treated as nationals of a designated
enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national inter-

est,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

Ехнівіт А

[Accounts maintained in the name of N. V. Neder-landsche Standaardbank, Amsterdam, Netherlands]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account
1. Amsinek, Sonne & Co., 96 Wall St., New York 5, N. Y.	Credit balance, as described by Amsinek, Sonne & Co., in its report on Form OAP-700, dated Nov. 14, 1950.
2. The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine St., New York, N. Y.	N. V. Nederlandsche Stand- aardbank, Amsterdam, Netherlands, blocked non- resident customers securi- ties a/e No. 1 (FS-86564), as described by The Chass National Bank of the City of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 276.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5178; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17697] SWISS BANK CORP.

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Swiss Bank Corporation, St. Gail, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown, F-63-2748 (St. Gall).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made

a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said

accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained.

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national

interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 18, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Swiss Bank Corp., St. Gall, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of in- stitution which main- tains account	Designation of account
Swiss Bank Corp., New York Agency, 15 Nas- sau St., New York, N. Y.	(a) Ordinary account certified, (b) general ruling 6/17 account, and (c) general ruling 6 shipment; as described by Swiss Bank Corp., New York Agency, in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 0074.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5179; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17714]

RUDOLF OLTMANNS

In re: Estate of Rudolf Oltmanns, deceased. File No. D-28-12979 G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Gretchen Oltmanns and Hanna Oltmanns, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated

enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gretchen Oltmanns in and to Account No. 204624 in the name of Rudolf Oltmanns, trustee for Gretchen Oltmanns, maintained in the Hoboken Bank for Savings, in the City of Hoboken, corner Washington at First Streets, Hoboken, New Jersey, and the proceeds thereof is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to or which is evidence of ownership or control by Gretchen Oltmanns, a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatso-ever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of Rudolf Oltmanns, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals

of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That the property described in subparagraph 3 hereof is in the process of administration by William Oltmanns, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court of Hudson County, New Jersey, Probate Division,

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national in-

terest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5180; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17715] KIYOJI ONO ET AL.

In re: Rights of Kiyoji Ono et al. under insurance contract. File No. D-39-9723-

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kiyoji Ono, Nomiye Ono, and Hideo Ono, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan):

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Kiyoji Ono, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan, are nationals of a designated enemy

country (Japan);

3. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 1,653,601, issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, to Kiyoji Ono, and any all other benefits and rights of any kind or character whatsoever under or arising out of said contract of insurance except those of the aforesaid Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada together with the right to demand, enforce, receive and collect the

same (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Kiyoji Ono, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national in-

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

HAROLD I. BAYNTON. Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5181; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17716]

JOSEPH (JOSEF) SCHMID, JR., ET AL.

In re: Rights of Joseph (Josef) Schmid, Jr., et al. under annuity contracts. Files Nos. F-28-563-H-2, 3, 4.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found !

1. That Joseph (Josef) Schmid, Jr. and Joseph Schmid, Sr., whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by policies Nos. B 16,566, B 16,567 and B 16,568, issued by The Canada Life Assurance Company, Toronto, Canada, to Joseph Schmid, Jr., and any and all other benefits and rights of any kind or character whatsoever under or arising out of said contracts of insurance except those of the aforesaid The Canada Life Assurance Company, together with the right to demand, enforce, receive and collect the same (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Joseph (Josef) Schmid, Jr. or Joseph Schmid, Sr., the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany):

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national in-

terest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

HAROLD I. BAYNTON, [SEAL] Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5182; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 17717]

IWAO YAMAGUCHI

In re: Rights of Iwao Yamaguchi under insurance contract. File No. D-39-16813-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Iwao Yamaguchi, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated

enemy country (Japan);
2. That the net proceeds due or to become due to Iwao Yamaguchi, under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 2529547, issued by the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, Boston, Massachusetts, to Iwao Yamaguchi, and any and all other benefits and rights of any kind or character whatsoever under or arising out of said contract of insurance except those of Hideo Yamaguchi, a resident of the United States and of the aforesaid John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, together with the right to demand. enforce, receive and collect the same.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or de-liverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:
3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 23, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

HAROLD I. BAYNTON. Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5183; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

SOCIETE CENTRALE DE CHEMINS DE FER ET D'ENTERPRISES

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Societe Centrale de Chemins de Fer et d'Enterprises, Le Mans (Sarthe), France; Claim No. 41903; property described in Vest-ing Order No. 666 (8 F. R. 5047, April 17, 1943) relating to United States Letters Pat-

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

HAROLD I. BAYNTON, Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-5184; Filed, May 3, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]